

clarin:el an infrastructure for documenting, sharing and processing language data

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the problem

use case





requirements







- language data
 - corpora (texts authored by the politicians but also general language corpora)
 - dictionaries / domain vocabularies / semantic lexica ...
- tools
 - for processing and annotating
 - for analyzing and visualizing results
- where will he find them?
 - original providers
 - archives and collections
 - other universities & research centers
 - conference proceedings
 - his colleagues' drawers
- at what state?
 - raw text ideally, in digital & processable form
 - annotated
- further requirements
 - technical know-how
 - computational power
 - legal problems





the solution: CLARIN



aims

- CLARIN (<u>www.clarin.eu</u>) aims to construct an integrated interoperable research infrastructure bringing together Language Resources and Technologies
- fighting against the current fragmentation
- offering a stable, robust, user-friendly and extensible virtual workplace for accessing language data
- at the service of all researchers (focusing on SSH)

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the CLARIN vision

- A researcher from her office at Corfu will be able to:
 - log in with her academic account and be authenticated only with that (Single Sign-On)
 - search, find and get the ok to use texts
 - from Oxford, Bergen and Leiden,
 - select the texts she wishes to work with and save her choice as a new collection
 - run on this collection semantic taggers from Athens and
 - statistical tools from Budapest
 - using the computational power of another computational centre, when and where required
 - save the process and results of this analysis and
 - share them with her collaborators in Paris, Vienna and Helsinki



that is...

- CLARIN aims to integrate
 - Language Datasets: digital content of any media type (text, sound, image, video) raw and annotated, lexica, ontologies, grammars etc.
 - Language Technology tools: voice recognisers, lemmatisers, taggers, term extractors etc.
- in a federation of trusted repositories which will be available to all researchers
- through national networks of organisations within each country, focusing on and promoting resources of/about/for the languages of each country (today: more than 200 members from 33 countries)



the Greek infrastructure clarin:el

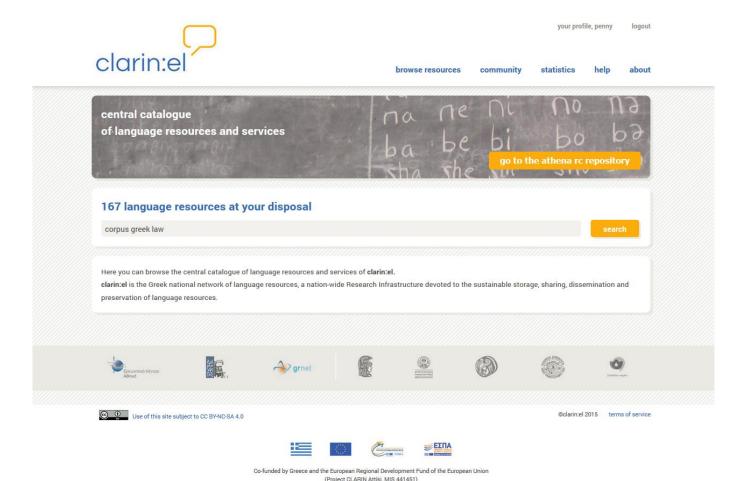
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clarin in Greece

- at the construction phase (2012 2015)
- member of CLARIN ERIC since February 2015
- clarin:el implemented as two closely interrelated subsystems for:
 - documenting, depositing, sharing + searching, retrieving and downloading language resources (resources infrastructure)
 - processing language data by web services of language processing and producing new data (processing infrastructure)
- as a first step, aspires to offer the resources a researcher needs
 - in 5 steps
 - with an additional 6th step, when this is possible...

keyword search, g. Greek corpus in the legal domain

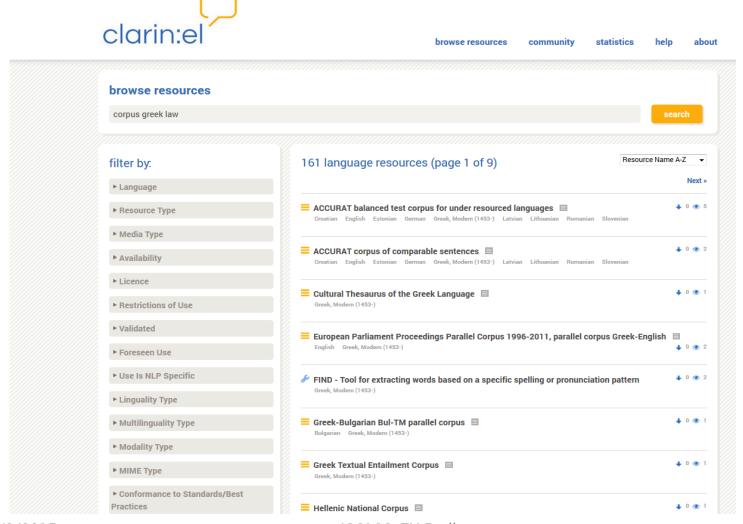






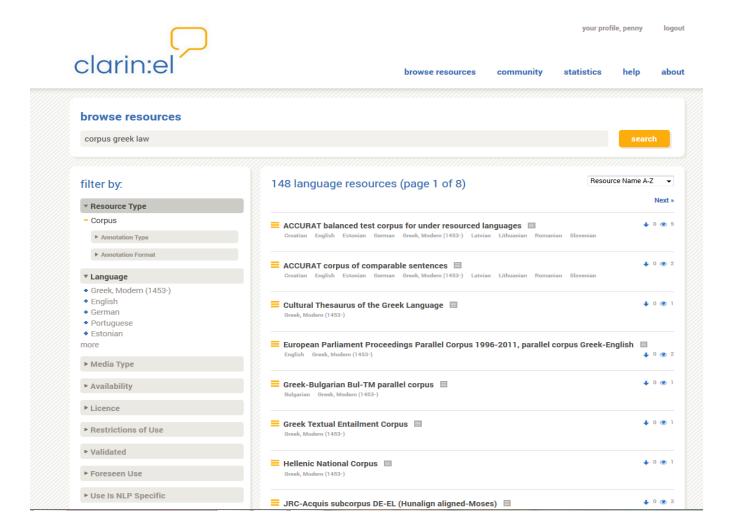
your profile, penny

2. browsing of the results





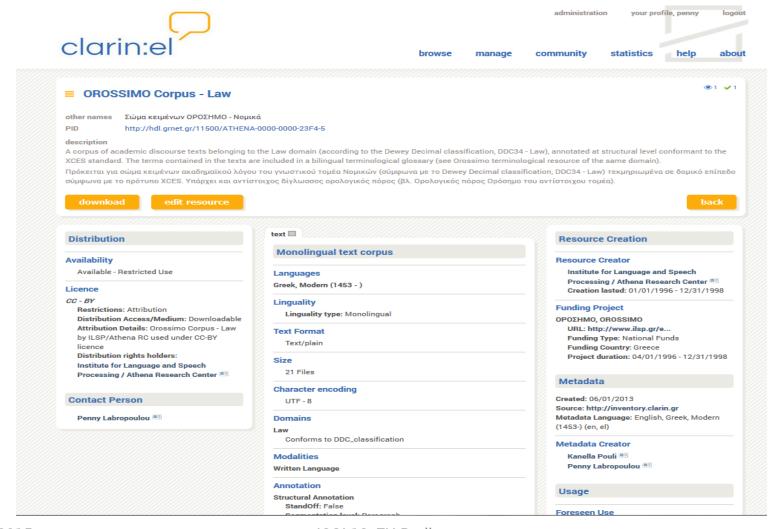
2a. filtered search





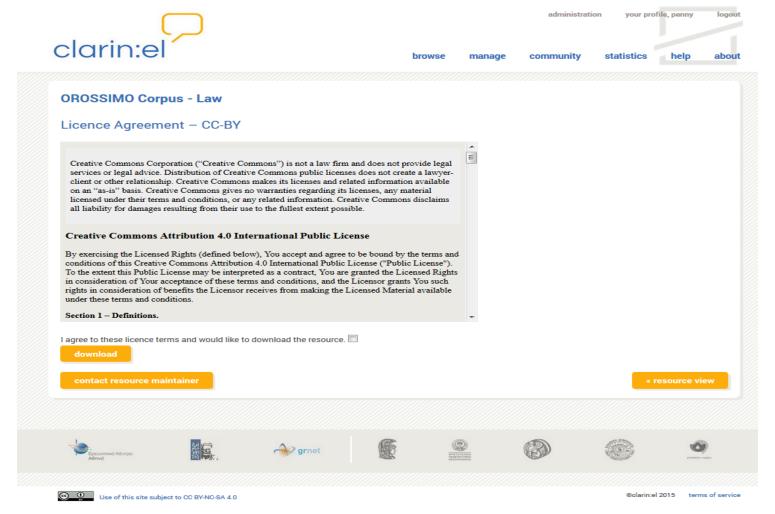
3. viewing a selected resource





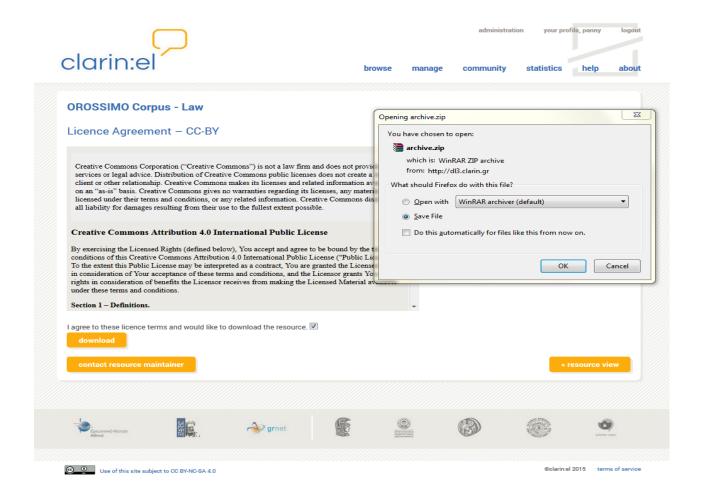
4. licensing







5. downloading



6. language processing







edit resource

process

- services for processing monolingual corpora
 - tokenisation and sentence splitting
 - part of speech tagging
 - lemmatisation
 - syntactic parsing
 - term recognition and extraction
 - named entity recognition

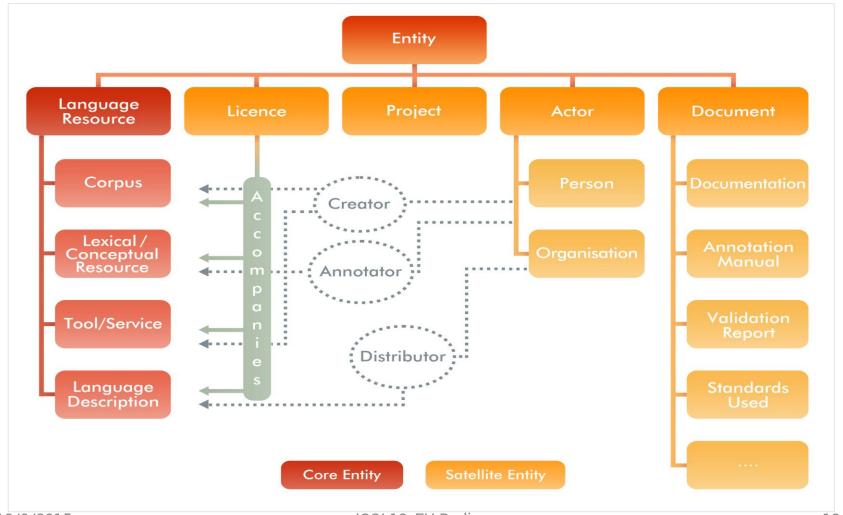
- services for processing multilingual corpora
 - for the Greek-English pair
 - all of the above
 - for the Greek-X (=EU language) pairs
 - sentence alignment



behind all these, a documentation model for describing language resources and services



ontology – description units



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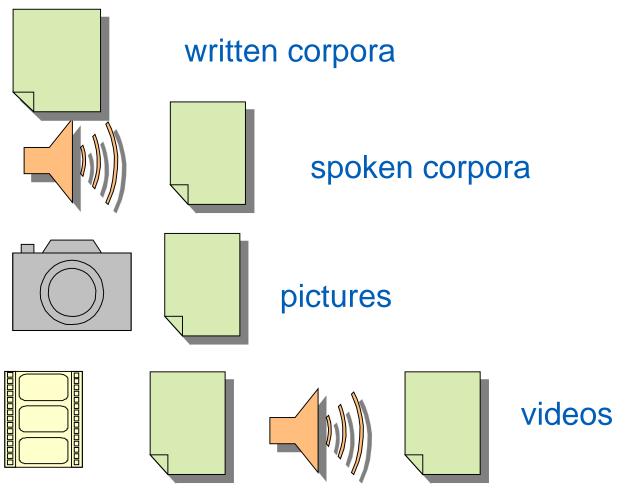
resource typology (1)

- classification on the basis of two main criteria: resource type & media type
- resource type
 - corpus (written / spoken / multimedia / multimodal corpora)
 - lexical / conceptual resource (e.g. dictionary, terminological resource, word list, ontology etc.)
 - language description (e.g. language model, computational grammar etc.)
 - tool / service (e.g. lemmatiser, annotator, machine translation tool etc.)

resource typology (2)

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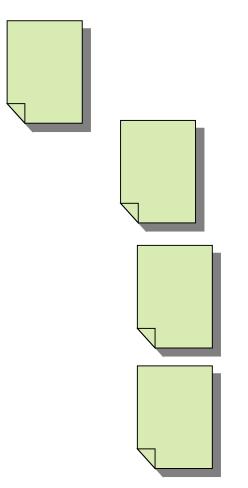
media type: text, sound, image, video



resource typology (3)

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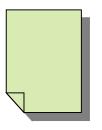
search for "text"



written corpora

spoken corpora

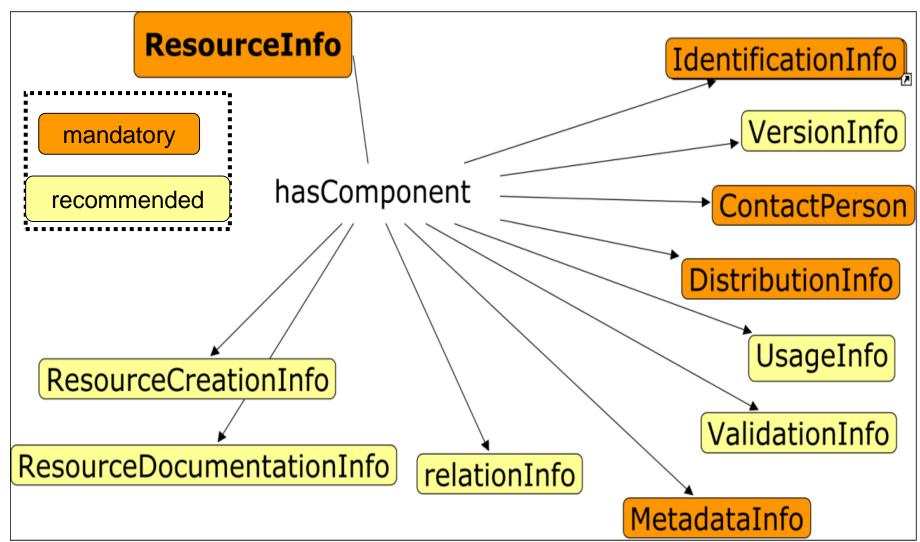
pictures



videos



metadata schema

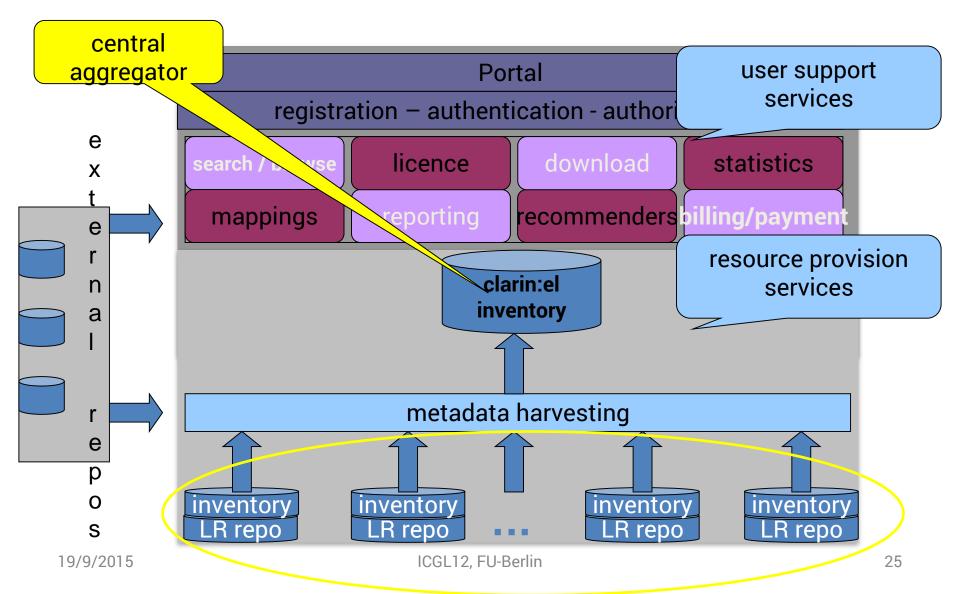




architecture of the infrastructure and network

clarin:el

clarin:el architecture





clarin:el users

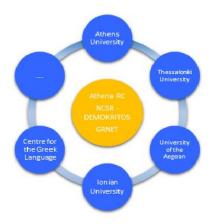
- behind the infrastructure, the content!
- users: both consumers and providers
- why should one share their resources;
- sharing, enrichment, exploitation, proliferation



clarin:el network



- only LR providers
- network members can be
 - institutions (with or without their own institutional repos)
 - collaborating researchers (at the Hosting Repository)
- current members Construction Phase (until 31/12/2015)



- Pilot Operation Phase (from 1/1/2016)
 - All academic and research institutions

more information





- www.clarin.gr
- http://inventory.clarin.gr



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